

Suggestion Box Application

S. Sri Satya¹; G. Teja Manikanta^{3*}; A. Giresh Raju^{4*}; N.Chandu^{5*}; P.Swathi^{6*}
Student

^{1,3,4,5,6}Department of CSE, Sri Vasavi Engineering College (A), Tadepalligudem, AP, 534101, India
Dr. V. Venkateswara Rao^{2*} (Professor)

²Department of CSE, Sri Vasavi Engineering College (A), Tadepalligudem, AP, 534101, India

Corresponding Authors:- Dr.V.Venkateswara Rao^{2*}; G. Teja Manikanta^{3*}; A.Giresh Raju^{4*}; N.Chandu^{5*}; P.Swathi^{6*}

Abstract:- The SUGGESTION BOX APPLICATION is a React-based web application designed to allow students to provide anonymous feedback and ratings to their faculty members. The platform is designed to make it easy for students to submit their feedback and ratings while ensuring anonymity. The students can also send the suggestions or requirements from their faculty along with their details. This application allows to place their feedback both anonymous and transparent. Faculty members can then use the platform to analyse the feedback and ratings using interactive data visualization tools built using React. Underpinning the interactive interface is the React JS library, enabling the creation of dynamic components and responsive elements. MySQL, a robust database, secures and organizes the feedback submissions, ensuring data integrity and user privacy. Moreover, the integration of MySQL database facilitates real-time communication between students and teachers, allowing for immediate responses and acknowledgments. The Suggestion Box project isn't just a solution; it's a catalyst for enhanced teacher & student relationships, improved educational methodologies, and the creation of a harmonious educational ecosystem.

Keywords:- React, MySQL, Data Visualization, Interactive Interface, Anonymity.

I. INTRODUCTION

The application is designed to provide a simple and intuitive user interface that makes it easy for students to submit their feedback and ratings. The students need to login into their accounts by using their respective college Mail IDs along with their password which is created by them. Students will be provided with a text area for suggestions so that they elaborate their needs. They can select the faculty member they want to provide feedback for and then submit their ratings and comments.

The application uses a secure and anonymous authentication system to ensure that student identities remain confidential. On the faculty side, the application provides a range of interactive data visualization tools built using React using various libraries. Faculty members can use these tools to analyse the feedback and ratings they receive visually with the help of different plots, allowing them to identify trends and areas for improvement. The application also includes features that allow faculty

members to respond to student feedback and engage with their students directly.

Overall, the Suggestion Box is a powerful tool for promoting open communication between students and faculty members. Finally, the application will be deployed in Cloud Platform so that it can be accessible to the students and faculty of the particular educational institute.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

Student feedback systems in education play a pivotal role in enhancing the quality of teaching and learning. Numerous studies (Nulty, D. D. (2008)) highlight their significance in creating a constructive feedback loop between students and educators.

Several researchers (McDonald, B., & Boud, D. (2003)) have pointed out common challenges in existing systems, including low participation rates, biased feedback, and difficulties in data analysis, which may affect the overall effectiveness of these systems.

Recent research (Hattie, J., & Timperley, H. (2007)) has shown how technology, particularly data analytics and natural language processing, has been harnessed to improve the collection and analysis of student feedback in educational settings.

Notably, institutions such as Alivio University (Nicol, D., & Macfarlane-Dick, D. (2006)) have demonstrated how a well-implemented feedback system can lead to improved teaching quality and student satisfaction, showcasing best practices for others to follow.

➤ Problem Statement

The traditional methods of sharing feedback, suggestions, and concerns often lack efficiency, transparency, and privacy. Students may hesitate to provide honest feedback, and teachers might struggle to manage and respond to a large volume of suggestions. This project aims to address these challenges by creating a digital suggestion box, enabling students to share their thoughts with teachers and facilitating teachers' access to and response to this feedback.

➤ Objectives

The objectives of a Student Feedback System are to improve the quality of education and the overall educational experience by gathering, analysing, and acting upon feedback from students. Provide instructors with valuable insights into their teaching methods. Enable educators to make data-informed improvements to their courses. Promote active engagement of students in their own learning processes. Encourage students to express their opinions and concerns. Establish a mechanism for continuous improvement in educational practices. Identify areas that need enhancement and adaptation based on student feedback. Ensure the quality of educational programs and services.

Maintain and enhance institutional or departmental standards. Hold educators and institutions accountable for the quality of education they provide. Provide a transparent and accountable feedback loop for stakeholders. Foster communication and collaboration between students, educators, and administrators. Create a platform for constructive dialogue and problem-solving. Use data collected from student feedback to make informed decisions. Identify issues and areas for improvement based on empirical evidence. Measure and improve overall student satisfaction with the educational experience. Identify and address issues that may affect student morale and engagement. Enhance the reputation of educational institutions by demonstrating a commitment to quality and continuous improvement. Attract and retain students based on the perceived quality of education and responsiveness to student feedback. Consider the long-term impact of educational practices on students' future careers and lives.

III. METHODOLOGY

React, a JavaScript library for building user interfaces, is utilized for front-end development. The choice of React is motivated by its component-based architecture, which simplifies the creation of interactive and responsive user interfaces. React allows for the seamless rendering of dynamic content, such as feedback forms and data visualization, which are central to our student feedback system.

➤ MySQL for Back-End Data Management

MySQL, a popular open-source relational database management system, serves as the backbone of our back-end data management. It efficiently stores and retrieves feedback data, ensuring data integrity and security. MySQL's relational structure is suitable for organizing structured feedback data and user information. By integrating React for the front-end and MySQL for the back-end, we ensure the seamless interaction between the user interface and the database, creating a robust and efficient student feedback system that allows for secure data storage and retrieval, as well as a dynamic and engaging user experience.

In the development of our student feedback system, we have adopted an iterative model approach that allows for flexibility, continuous improvement, and responsiveness to user needs. This section outlines our methodology for

building the system, emphasizing the use of React for the front-end development and MySQL for the back-end data storage and management. The iterative model is chosen as the foundation of our development process. This model involves multiple iterations or cycles, each of which includes phases of planning, design, implementation, and testing. This iterative approach allows us to incorporate user feedback and make continuous enhancements throughout the development lifecycle. During this phase, we define the objectives, requirements, and goals of the student feedback system. We identify key stakeholders, establish project timelines, and prioritize features and functionalities. The design phase encompasses the creation of wireframes, user interface designs, and database schema. We focus on creating an intuitive and user-friendly interface that encourages student engagement and effective data entry.

React is chosen as the primary technology for front-end development. React's component-based architecture enables us to create a responsive and dynamic user interface. MySQL is selected for back-end development, handling data storage, retrieval, and management. This separation of the front-end and back-end ensures modularity and scalability. After the implementation phase, the system undergoes rigorous testing to identify and rectify any issues or bugs. We also conduct usability testing with potential users, collecting their feedback to inform improvements in subsequent iterations. The results of testing and user feedback guide us in reviewing the system's performance and functionality. We prioritize enhancements and modifications based on user needs and emerging requirements. Our iterative development model further guarantees that the student feedback system will evolve, adapting to changing requirements, user preferences, and technological advancements. This iterative approach enables us to refine and enhance the system continuously, ensuring its long-term usability and effectiveness.

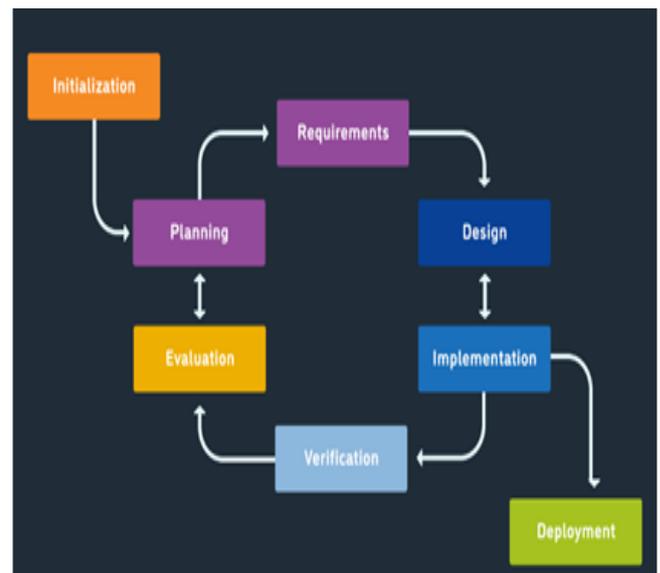


Fig 1 Iterative Model

➤ Features of the System

- *User-friendly Interface:* A user-friendly interface for both students and educators to easily provide and access feedback.
- *Multi-Channel Feedback Collection:* Support for collecting feedback through students of various departments.
- *Anonymity:* Option for students to provide feedback anonymously to encourage honest and candid responses.
- *Real-time Feedback:* Ability to provide real-time feedback for immediate responses to student concerns or issues.
- *Educator Evaluation:* Specific feedback on individual educator to help them improve their teaching methods.

- *Data Visualization:* Visual representations of feedback data through charts and graphs to make it easier to interpret the data.
- *Data Privacy:* Privacy measures to protect the confidentiality of feedback data and ensure compliance with data privacy regulations.
- *Feedback Archives:* Storage of historical feedback data for long-term analysis and issue identification.
- *Mobile Compatibility:* Mobile apps or responsive design for students to provide feedback on the go.

These features collectively help to gather, manage, and act upon student feedback, ultimately leading to improvements in the quality of education and the overall learning experience.

IV. DATA ANALYSIS

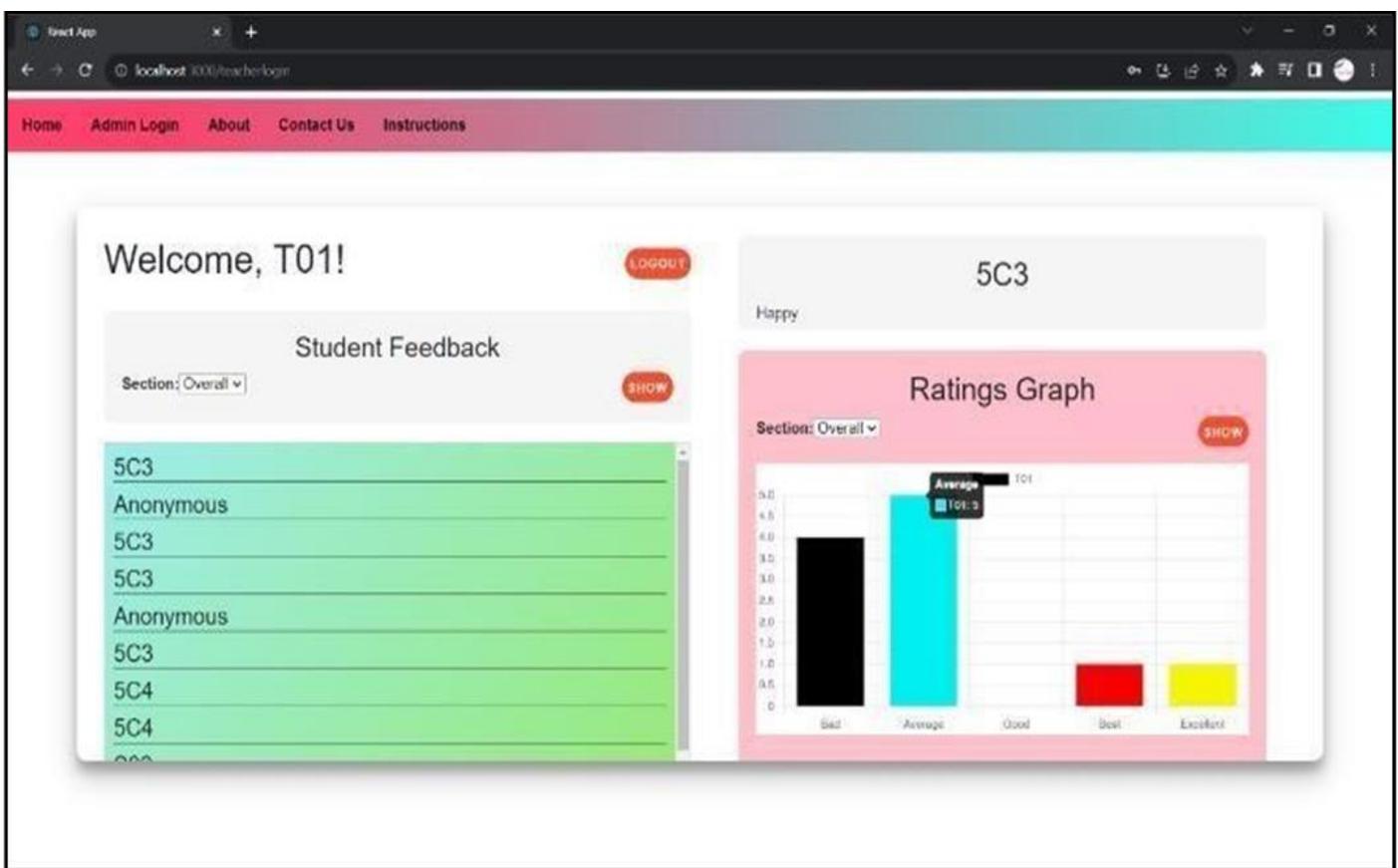


Fig 2 Data Visualization

Data analysis in a student feedback system involves processing and examining the feedback collected from students to extract meaningful information. Gathering feedback data from various sources, such as surveys, questionnaires, or digital platforms, and ensuring the data is accurate and well-organized. Removing any inconsistencies, errors, or duplicate entries in the feedback dataset to ensure data quality. Conducting statistical analysis to identify trends, patterns, and correlations within the feedback data. This can include aggregating scores, calculating averages, and measuring the distribution of responses. Analysing written comments or open-ended responses to identify common themes, concerns, and suggestions provided by

students. Creating charts, graphs, and visual aids to present the data more effectively, making it easier for educators and administrators to comprehend.

➤ Proposed Work

React is a popular JavaScript library for building user interfaces. It's a crucial tool for developing web applications and ReactJS is particularly valuable for building the user interface of your student feedback system. You can create interactive and dynamic web pages with React components, making it easy for students and educators to provide and access feedback.

➤ *Component-Based Architecture:*

React follows a component-based architecture, which allows you to break down your user interface into smaller, reusable components. This is beneficial for creating consistent and modular design elements in your project. React enables real-time updates without the need for manual page refreshes. This can be used to provide instant feedback to users when they submit their input.

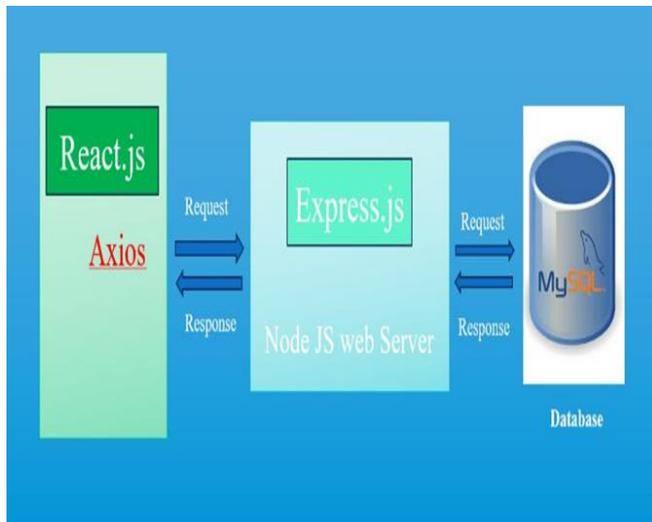


Fig 3 Architecture

React can be used to render charts and graphs that visually represent feedback data, making it easier for educators to understand and act upon the information. React provides a state management system, allowing you to manage the application's state effectively. You can use this to maintain the state of the feedback form, user sessions, and more. React allows you to bind data to UI elements, ensuring that any changes in feedback data are reflected immediately on the interface.

We can create a responsive and interactive feedback system using React, enhancing the user experience and engagement of students and educators.

React can be integrated with backend services and APIs, facilitating the retrieval and storage of feedback data. It can handle HTTP requests and responses seamlessly. React can be used to build mobile applications as well, so if your student feedback system includes a mobile app component, React Native, a framework based on React, can be a valuable tool. React has a large and active developer community, which means you'll find a wealth of documentation, tutorials, and open-source libraries to help you with your project.

V. IMPLEMENTATION

The implementation of a student feedback system involves the practical steps taken to put the system into action within an educational institution. Before implementation, a thorough needs assessment is conducted to understand the specific requirements of the institution. This involves identifying the objectives, and the type of

feedback to be collected. The institution selects or designs a student feedback system that best aligns with its needs and goals. This system could be a software application, an online platform. Faculty, administrators, and students are trained on how to use the feedback system. This training includes instructions on data collection, data submission, and how the feedback process will work. The system is deployed to collect feedback from students. This can involve surveys, questionnaires, or digital platforms, and may occur at the end of each course or semester or a class. Collected data is processed and analysed to extract meaningful insights. This analysis helps identify trends, strengths, weaknesses, and areas for improvement. Feedback results are communicated to teachers and administrators. It may include summary reports, dashboards, and individual feedback profiles. Based on the feedback received, educators and administrators devise action plans to address identified issues and enhance the quality of education. The feedback system is not a one-time effort. It is an ongoing process where feedback is collected, analysed, and acted upon regularly to drive continuous improvement in the educational process. The insights from the feedback system should be integrated into decision-making processes, curriculum development, and teaching methodologies. Regular assessment of the system's effectiveness is crucial. This involves assessing whether changes made based on feedback have positively impacted the educational experience. Provide ongoing support to users of the system, and gather feedback on the feedback system itself to make necessary improvements. Ensure that data privacy and security measures are in place to protect the confidentiality and anonymity of students providing feedback.

If successful, the system can be scaled to cover more courses, departments, or institutions, and best practices can be replicated. Implementation of a student feedback system is an essential step in the process of creating a feedback loop that enhances the quality of education, fosters communication between students and educators, and drives improvements in the educational environment. It requires careful planning, training, and a commitment to using feedback for positive change.

VI. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

Response time, which measures the time it takes for the system to respond to user interactions, is a critical factor in assessing the performance and user experience of our student feedback system. In this section, we analyse and present the response time data for different user roles, including admin, teacher, and student logins, to gain insights into the system's efficiency and to identify any potential areas for improvement.

➤ Admin:

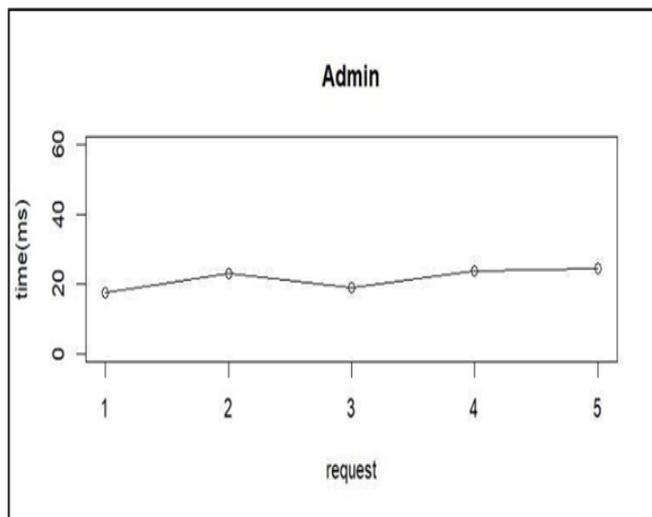


Fig 4 Admin Response Time

➤ Teacher:

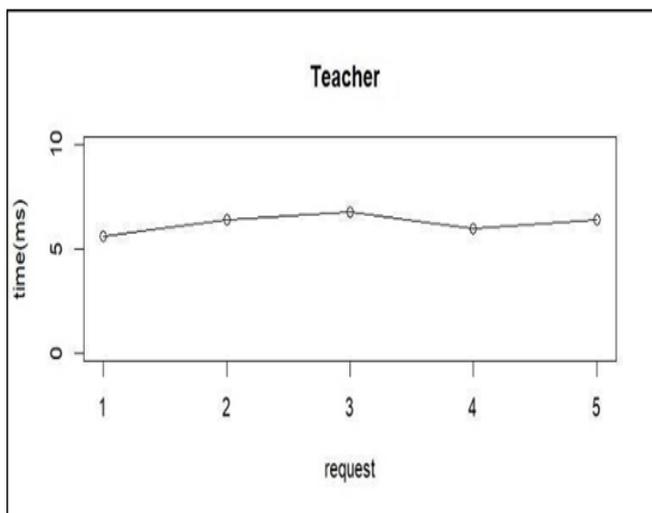


Fig 5 Teacher Response Time

➤ Student:

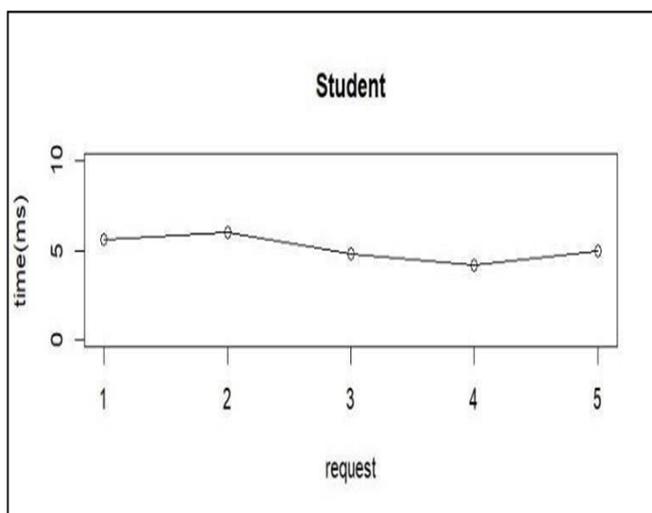


Fig 6 Student Response Time

To collect response time data, we recorded the time taken by the system to respond to login requests from admin, teacher, and student accounts. These measurements were collected over a specified period and averaged to provide a representative response time for each user role.

In conclusion, our analysis of response times for different user roles sheds light on the efficiency and user experience of our student feedback system. By maintaining a keen focus on response time metrics and addressing any identified issues, we can work towards a more responsive and user-friendly system, benefiting administrators, teachers, and students alike.

VII. FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

Future enhancements of a student feedback system are aimed at improving its functionality, usability, and overall effectiveness in gathering and utilizing student feedback.

Developing the system to provide personalized feedback to students based on their specific needs and goals. This could include tailored recommendations for resources, courses, or study strategies. Integrate the feedback system with popular learning management systems to make the feedback process more seamless and to provide educators with a holistic view of student progress. Implement predictive analytics to anticipate issues or challenges students may face and offer timely interventions. This can help improve retention and academic success.

Expand feedback collection methods to include not only surveys but also options for voice, video, or text feedback, allowing students to express themselves in ways that are most comfortable for them. Enable real-time feedback mechanisms that allow students to provide input on specific classroom activities or assignments as they occur, making it easier for educators to make adjustments on the fly. Utilize NLP algorithms to analyse open-ended responses and sentiment in student feedback, providing deeper insights into their feelings and concerns. Develop more advanced data visualization tools to help educators and administrators quickly grasp trends and patterns in student feedback data. Incorporate a feature that allows students to provide feedback on their peers. Ensure that the feedback system is fully accessible on mobile devices, considering that many students use smartphones for educational purposes. Implement a mechanism for closing the feedback loop, so students see tangible changes based on their feedback, fostering a sense of ownership and impact. Strengthen data security and privacy measures to protect students' sensitive information and maintain their trust in the system. Consider supporting multiple languages to accommodate diverse student populations. Ensure that the feedback system is accessible to all, including students with disabilities, by providing alternative methods for input and feedback.

VIII. CONCLUSION

The Suggestion Box which is a student feedback system represents a transformative tool for educators and institutions dedicated to enhancing the educational experience. Our examination of the system's development, implementation, and impact reveals that it not only bridges the communication gap between students and educators but also provides invaluable insights for educational improvement. The benefits of this system are clear, from improving learning outcomes to fostering a more engaging and responsive learning environment. While the student feedback system offers tremendous potential, it is not without its challenges and limitations. We must remain vigilant in addressing issues related to data privacy, survey fatigue, and system usability to ensure its continued success. Furthermore, we must consider future enhancements, embracing emerging technologies and pedagogical advances to keep the system relevant and effective. As we move forward, it is imperative for educational institutions to recognize the pivotal role that student feedback systems play in driving positive change. By actively seeking and acting upon student input, we not only empower learners but also create a culture of continuous improvement. We encourage educators, administrators, and policymakers to consider the insights and best practices shared in this paper as they work to implement or refine their own feedback systems. In this ever-evolving landscape of education, the student feedback system remains an essential tool for creating an environment where students' voices are heard, valued, and acted upon. The journey towards educational excellence and innovation is an ongoing one, and the student feedback system is a significant milestone along that path.

REFERENCES

- [1]. Nulty, D. D. (2008). The adequacy of response rates to online and paper surveys: What can be done? *Assessment & Evaluation in Higher Education*, 33(3), 301-314.
- [2]. McDonald, B., & Boud, D. (2003). The impact of self-assessment on achievement: The effects of self-assessment training on performance in external examinations. *Assessment & Evaluation in Higher Education*, 28(2), 137-154.
- [3]. Hattie, J., & Timperley, H. (2007). The power of feedback. *Review of Educational Research*, 77(1), 81-112.
- [4]. Hounsell, D. (2007). Towards more sustainable feedback to students. In R. P. Perry & J. C. Smart (Eds.), *The Scholarship of Teaching and Learning in Higher Education: An Evidence-Based Perspective* (pp. 101-118). Springer.
- [5]. Nicol, D., & Macfarlane-Dick, D. (2006). Formative assessment and self-regulated learning: A model and seven principles of good feedback practice. *Studies in Higher Education*, 31(2), 199-218.
- [6]. Modern Web Development using ReactJS. Sanchit Agarwal, Dept of Information Technology, North India Engineering College, New Delhi, India. ISSN: 2349-7688
- [7]. React JS(Open Source JavaScript Library). Alok Kumar Srivatsava, Vaishnavi Lakshmi, GIDA, Gorakhpur. ISSN: 2349-6002
- [8]. Present Day Web Development using ReactJS. Archana Bhalla, Shivangi Garg, Priyangi Singh, Uttar Pradesh, India. E-ISSN: 2395-0056
- [9]. Web App for Online Teaching and Learning Using React Web Framework. Mrs.Sayali, Mr.Mukesh, Nagpur. ISSN: (Online) 2581-9429